# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Debris Destroyer Fiber Cleaning Pen

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

1. Identification	
Product identifier	
Product name	Debris Destroyer Fiber Cleaning Pen
Product number	FCC3-00-PEN1
Recommended use of the ch	emical and restrictions on use
Application	Cleaning agent.
Details of the supplier of the	safety data sheet
Supplier	AFL 16 Eastgate Park Belmont, NH 03220 United States of America CAGE: 0NL21 Tel: +1 603-528-7780 www.AFLglobal.com
Manufacturer	MICROCARE CORPORATION 595 John Downey Drive New Britain, CT 06051 United States of America CAGE: OATV9 Tel: + 1 800 638 0125, +1 860-827-0626 Fax: +1 860-827-8105 techsupport@microcare.com
Emergency telephone number	
Emergency telephone	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (within the U.S.) +1 703-741-5970 (from anywhere in the world)
2. Hazard(s) identification	
Classification of the substand	ce or mixture
OSHA Regulatory Status	This Product is Hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 1 - H224
Health hazards	Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Muta. 1B - H340 Carc. 1B - H350 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304
Human health	Splashes in the eyes may cause redness and irritation. Keep out of the reach of children. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards.
Physicochemical	Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Label elements	
Pictogram	

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H340 May cause genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.</li> <li>P233 Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P240 Ground/ bond container and receiving equipment.</li> <li>P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.</li> <li>P242 Use only non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.</li> <li>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/ doctor.</li> <li>P301+P331 If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.</li> <li>P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	Safety data sheet available on request. For use in industrial installations only.
Contains	NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALKYLATE; LOW BOILING POINT MODIFIED NAP

#### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

# NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALKYLATE; LOW BOILING POINT MODIFIED NAP

CAS number: 64741-66-8

## Classification Muta. 1B - H340

Carc. 1B - H350 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

# ETHANOL

CAS number: 64-17-5

## Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

2/12

10-30%

## 60-100%

PROPAN-2-OL	10-30%
CAS number: 67-63-0	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336	
STUT SE 3 - H330	
ETHYL ACETATE	5-10%
CAS number: 141-78-6	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	
The full text for all hazard sta	atements is displayed in Section 16.
Composition comments	TSCA: The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA Inventory. The exact percentage
	(concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of CFR 1900.1200
Composition	
-	
4. First-aid measures	
Description of first aid measured	ures
General information	Promptly remove any clothing that becomes wet or contaminated. Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician for specific advice.
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing and rinse skin thoroughly with water. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Most important symptoms ar	nd effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Vapors may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Ingestion	May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Headache.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Redness. Pain. Irritation and redness, followed by blurred vision.

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with the following media: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from the	he substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Oxides of carbon. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3.
Hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapors.
Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapors.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
6. Accidental release measure	S
Personal precautions, protectiv	ve equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.
Methods and material for conta	ainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	
Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Keep out of the reach of children.
Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.
Specific end uses(s)	
Specific end use(s)	Cleaning agent.
Reference to other sections.	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10).

## 8. Exposure Controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

### ETHANOL

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 1000 ppm 1880 mg/m<sup>3</sup> A3

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 1000 ppm 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### PROPAN-2-OL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 400 ppm 980 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm 492 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 400 ppm 984 mg/m<sup>3</sup> A4

## ETHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 400 ppm 1440 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 400 ppm 1400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. A3 = Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans. A4 = Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

# Additional Occupational Exposure Limits

Ingredient comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

#### ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Ingredient comments WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits		
Exposure controls		
Protective equipment		
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.	
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). Viton rubber (fluoro rubber).	
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapor contact.	
Hygiene measures	Do not smoke in work area. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.	
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.	

9. Physical and Chemical Properties	
Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Liquid.
Color	Clear liquid. Colorless.
Odor	Alcoholic.
Odor threshold	No information available.
рН	No information available.
Melting point	No information available.
Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.
Flash point	7°C/45°F Method: CC (Closed cup).
Evaporation rate	1.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Evaporation factor	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not determined.
Other flammability	No information available.
Vapor pressure	4.8 kPa @ 20°C
Vapor density	> 1 (Air = 1)
Relative density	0.72
Bulk density	No information available.
Solubility(ies)	Not determined.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.
Viscosity	No information available.
Explosive properties	No information available.
Refractive index	No information available.
Particle size	No information available.
Molecular weight	Not applicable.
Saturation concentration	No information available.
Critical temperature	No information available.
Volatile organic compound	No information available.
Flammability	The product is flammable.
10. Stability and reactivity	

Stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures.

Conditions to avoid       Avoid heat, flames and other sources         Materials to evold       Other sources		
	Strong mineral acids	
Materials to avoid         Strong oxidizing agents. Strong alkalis		
Hazardous decompositionFire creates: Vapors/gases/fumes of: 0productsHydrogen fluoride (HF).	Fire creates: Vapors/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen fluoride (HF).	
11. Toxicological information		
Information on toxicological effects		
Other health effects There is no evidence that the product	can cause cancer.	
	May cause respiratory system irritation. Vapors may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.	
Skin ContactProduct has a defatting effect on skin.	May cause skin irritation/eczema.	
Eye contact Irritating to eyes.	Irritating to eyes.	
Toxicological information on ingredients.		
ETHA	NOL	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Acute toxicity inhalation 20,000.0 (LC₅∞ vapours mg/l)		
ATE inhalation (vapours 20,000.0 mg/l)		
Carcinogenicity		
IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 1 Carcinogeni	to humans.	
PROPA	<u>1-2-0L</u>	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Acute toxicity inhalation 16,000.0 (LC <sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)		
ATE inhalation (vapours 16,000.0 mg/l)		
Carcinogenicity		
IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 3 Not classifia	ble as to its carcinogenicity to humans.	
NTP carcinogenicity Not listed.		
OSHA Carcinogenicity Not listed.		
12. Ecological Information		

Ecological information on ingredients.

# ETHANOL

Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: >10,000 mg/l, Fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 7,800 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	, 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater algae

# PROPAN-2-OL

Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 9,640 mg/l, Fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 5102 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	IC₅₀, 72 hours: >2,000 mg/l, Algae

Persistence and degradability

Ecological information on ingredients.

#### ETHANOL

The product is expected to be biodegradable.

Persistence and degradability

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Partition coefficient

Ecological information on ingredients.

#### **ETHANOL**

Bio-Accumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

No information available.

Partition coefficient

No information available.

#### **PROPAN-2-OL**

Partition coefficient : 0.05

Mobility in soil

Mobility

Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.

Ecological information on ingredients.

## ETHANOL

Mobility	The product is soluble in water.
13. Disposal considerations	
Waste treatment methods	
General information	Reuse or recycle products wherever possible.
Disposal methods	Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

14. Transport information

UN Number		
UN No. (IMDG)	1993	
UN No. (ICAO)	1993	
UN proper shipping name		
Proper shipping name (TDG)	EXCEPTED QUANTITIES	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	UN1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Aliphatic hydrocarbon, Aliphatic solvent), 3, PG II (*Dangerous goods in excepted quantities*)	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	UN1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Aliphatic hydrocarbon, Aliphatic solvent), 3, PG II (*Dangerous goods in excepted quantities*)	
Proper shipping name (DOT)	EXCEPTED QUANTITIES	
Transport hazard class(es)		
IMDG Class	3	
ICAO class/division	3	
Packing group		
IMDG packing group	II	
ICAO packing group	II	
Environmental hazards		
Environmentally Hazardous Substance No.		
Special precautions for user		
EmS	F-E, S-E	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.	
15. Regulatory information		
US Federal Regulations SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities Not listed.		
CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)		
<i>ETHYL ACETATE</i> Final CERCLA RQ: 5000(2270) pounds (Kilograms)		
SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities Not listed.		
SARA 313 Emission Reporting	3	

Not listed.

## CAA Accidental Release Prevention

Not listed.

#### SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

Acute Chronic Fire

# OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals

Not listed.

# US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins Not listed.

# California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

*PROPAN-2-OL* Present.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II) Not listed.

## California Directors List of Hazardous Substances

ETHYL ACETATE Present. ETHANOL

Present.

*PROPAN-2-OL* Present.

# Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

ETHYL ACETATE Present. ETHANOL Present. PROPAN-2-OL Present.

# Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

ETHYL ACETATE Present. ETHANOL Present. PROPAN-2-OL Present.

# Minnesota "Right To Know" List

ETHYL ACETATE Present. ETHANOL Present. PROPAN-2-OL Present.

### New Jersey "Right To Know" List

ETHYL ACETATE Present. ETHANOL Present. PROPAN-2-OL Present.

## Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

ETHYL ACETATE

Present.

ETHANOL

Present.

PROPAN-2-OL Present.

Inventories

**Canada - DSL/NDSL** Yes

**US - TSCA** Yes

## Australia - AICS

*PROPAN-2-OL* Yes

### Japan - MITI

PROPAN-2-OL

# China - IECSC

PROPAN-2-OL

# **Philippines - PICCS**

*PROPAN-2-OL* Yes

## 16. Other information

Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.
Revision date	8/9/2017
Revision	24
Supersedes date	8/8/2017
SDS No.	BULK - FCC3-00-PEN1

Hazard statements in full	H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.